# A contribution to the history of Dayr al-Maymūn\*

[Contribución a la historia de Dayr al-Maymūn]

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**Resumen:** En este artículo nos ocupamos de un manuscrito hallado en la Iglesia de Dayr al-Maymūn. Dicho manuscrito contiene un texto sobre el rito de consagración de algunos instrumentos litúrgicos. Pese a la época del manuscrito, éste es una mina de información que será de enorme ayuda para investigadores posteriores interesados en este lugar.

**Abstract:** This article deals with a manuscript found in the Church of Dayr al-Maymūn. This manuscript contains a text on the rite of consecration of some liturgical instruments. Despite the age of the manuscript, it is a mine of information that will help further scholars interested in this site.

Palabras clave: Liturgia copta. Dayr al-Maymūn. Manucrito copto.

Key words: Coptic liturgy. Dayr al-Maymūn. Coptic manuscript.



# Introduction

The church of Dayr al-Maymūn is considered, according to tradition, the first place where Saint Antony began his ascetic life. S. Timm identified the

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location as Pispir, <sup>1</sup> while E. Wipszycka disagreed this identification and proposed the village of Burmbul. <sup>2</sup> R.-G. Coquin and M. Martin discuss the history of this church in an entry in the Coptic Encyclopedia <sup>3</sup> where P. Grossmann also provides an architectural description. <sup>4</sup> Another description together with an architectural plan is provided by Fr Samuel al-Syriany and Badii Habib. <sup>5</sup> Finally, the article by M. Dewachter, <sup>6</sup> also provided a description of the church in the nineteenth century.

## The Document

The document published below – was found *in situ* (in the church *of Dayr al-Maymūn*) – and contains a text on the consecration of the liturgical items. It is well known that all the liturgical vessels and even vestments used during services in the Coptic Church, must be consecrated by either the patriarch or by a bishop as part of the general process of consecration. This book can be called Pontificals.  $^{8}$ 

For this church cf. S. TIMM, *Das christlich-Koptische Ägypten in arabischer Zeit*, «Tübinger Atlas des Vorderen Orients» 41/2 (Wiesbaden, 1985), pp. 742-749.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cf. E. WIPSZYCKA, "La Vita Antonii confrontée avec la réalité géographique", in U. ZANETTI – E. LUCCHESI (eds.), Aegyptus Christiana Mélanges d'Hagiographie Égyptienne et Orientale dédiés à la mémoire du P. Paul Devos Bollandiste, «Cahiers d'Orientalisme» 25 (Genève, 2004), pp.135-148.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R.G. COQUIN & Maurice MARTIN, "Dayr al-Maymun", CE, III, pp. 838-839.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> P. Grossmann, "Dayr al-Maymun", CE, III, pp. 838-839.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Fr. Samuel AL-SURIANY and Badii HABIB, *Guide to Ancient churches and monasteries in Upper Egypt* (Cairo, 1991), number 198, pp.150-151.

M. DEWACHTER, "Mar-Antonios Al-Bahr en 1828 ou Champollion et les Coptes", Le Monde Copte 20 (1991), pp. 91-97.

Archbishop Basilios, "Liturgical instruments", CE, V, pp. 1469-1475.

U. ZANETTI, "Bohairic Liturgical Manuscripts", Orientalia Christiana Periodica 61 (1995), pp. 64-65, and especially pp. 82-85.

## **Manuscript Description**

The manuscript contains details on the rites of consecration. It was compiled for private use, which is evident if we take into account the small dimensions of the piece (70mm x 110 mm). It does not contain foliotation. The body of the text was written in Coptic while the titles are in Arabic in black ink. The original binding did not survive. There is a drawing in black ink of a simple flask at the beginning of the text. The scribe used cheap local paper. There are traces of wax and dirt, especially at the corners of the sheets, which must be due to frequent use. It contains 14 lines per page and 3-5 words per line. The scribe displays an elegant, professional hand, although with many mistakes, showing that he was not well acquainted with Coptic grammar.

## **Manuscript contents**

- Consecration of all the vessels of the altar
- Consecration of the Paten and its veils
- Consecration of the Chalice and its veils
- Consecration of the spoon
- Consecration of the black veils of the altar
- Consecration of the censer
- Consecration of the icons (written in a different hand)

In O.H.E. Burmester's monumental work, <sup>9</sup> he provides a detailed description of the liturgical veils, vessels and instruments; <sup>10</sup> however, he does not mention the consecration of these objects. <sup>11</sup> Therefore, we believe

O.H.E. BURMESTER, The Egyptian or Coptic Church a detail description of her rites ceremonies (Cairo, 1967).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> O.H.E. BURMESTER, *The Egyptian or Coptic Church*, pp. 23-29.

It is important to mention that Horner edited only the rite of consecration a new church. G. W. HORNER, The Service for the Consecration of a Church and Altar, According to the Coptic Rite (London, 1902).

that providing the reader with an English translation of these texts will help for a better understanding of the whole rituals.

There are three editions of some of these texts: the first was published by R. Tukhi <sup>12</sup> in 1761 in Coptic and Arabic; the second edition was published by Metropolitan Athanasius of Beni Suef in 1959 and reprinted by his successor who bore the same name and same title in the year 1992, in both Coptic and Arabic. <sup>13</sup> 'Abdallah – while studying the *ordo* of Gabriel V – provides us with an edition of these texts as well as an Italian translation. <sup>14</sup>

In our edition, we will separate between the pages with \* and the new page will start in the following line. The separation between the prayers represented in Manuscript by a zigzag line is here represented by :

The ornament in the beginning is represented by:



<sup>12</sup> R. ТИКНІ, ПІМЕРОС МАМА СНАУТ НТЕ ПІЕУХОЛОГІОН ФНЕТАЦЕРАПАТОКТІН ЕХЕН НІЕУХН ЕФОУАВ ЗЕН НІНАЗ НТЕ ПАІХШИ ФАІ ['The second part of the Euchologion which takes place for the holy prayers that are found in the contents of this book') (Rome, 1761), pp. 45-51.

<sup>13</sup> Athanasius, Metropolitan of Bani Soueif, піхши нте таколоуча нте піхінфиц нінтадіс нітетоунв вволяєн яєн оуанагншстне ща піднгоуненон нен єпхінерагіахін нніскеуос тироу нте пінанершшоущі ['The book of ordination of all the ranks of priesthood since the reader till the Hegoumen and the consecration of all the vessels of the altar'] (Cairo, 1992), p. 140.

A. 'ABDALLAH, L'ordinamento liturgico di Gabriele V- 88 Patriarca Copto 1409-1427 (Cairo, 1962), pp. 268-269

A comparison with the photos will help the reading to figure out the manuscript.

The text reads as follows:

Φ ΠΙΑΓΑΦΟC ΦΗ $\overline{ΕΦ}$  ΟΥΟ2 ΕΤΜΩΤΕΝ ммод жен игефоуав фнете **ЕВОУЗІТЕН ТЕКНЕТАГАӨОС НЕМ** ΠΕΚΟΥΑ2CA2ΝΙ ΕΘΥ `Α ΠΕΚΑΛΟΥ **РОМАКТИРАТИ В ВОУЖЕИ ШСИО** AUNOYXX NOYKEYOC 17 THPOY NTE  $\mathfrak{M}$  THOY INTENT 2019 OYO2 TENTUR2 `ммок пімаіршмі `нагафос ΑΡΙΚΑΤΑΞΙΟΥΝ `ΝΤΕΚΤΟΥΒΟ `мпаікєос $^{20}$  фаі 2ітєн пек $\overline{\mathsf{n}}$   $\overline{\mathsf{n}}$   $\overline{\mathsf{e}}$   $\overline{\mathsf{e}}$   $\overline{\mathsf{v}}$ ием фиоуха мшсиод ,ите цек<u>хьс</u> ыя ,ите<del>а</del>йми уатолянол еаог `нкүмілліон `нлүтоүргіа `мпаремар <del>бөү</del> `ммеөмнг`ите имустиром 'ирец† 'мпшия 'ите πιςω\* ма нем пісноц єттаіноут `нтє

Prayer for the consecration of all the vessels of the altar<sup>16</sup>

O Good and holy God, who 'delights' in the saints, and through His goodness and His holy commandments, Moses Your child sprinkled blood over all vessels of the service.

Now we ask and beseech You, O *good* lover of mankind, *deign* to purify this vessel, that through Your Holy *Spirit* and the sprinkling of the blood of Your *Christ* that becomes purified as a *sacred liturgical vessel* of the holy and worthy service of the *mystery*, *which is the* life-giving *Body*.

And the pure Blood of Your

For this preyer, see Marcos DAOUD, The Liturgy of the Ethiopian Church (Cairo, 1959), p. 13 numbers 37-40.

صلاةً Read

<sup>17</sup> Read скетос

<sup>18</sup> Lit. "rested".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Read тен†20

<sup>20</sup> Read πλισκεγοσ

ترشمه وقول

EXOFITOC  $^{21}$   $\overline{\text{KC}}$   $\overline{\text{IY}}$   $\overline{\text{YY}}$   $\overline{\text{YC}}$   $\overline{\text{\PhiC}}$  ariachoc ton  $\overline{\text{In}}$   $\overline{\text{A}}$  to arion amhn

صلاة تكريز الصينية وخرقها يقول الاسقف

финв п $\overline{\text{KC}}$  ф† піфеспоутно $^{23}$  піагафос фнетацсоутєй еціріжіў $^*$ 

 $\frac{6}{6} \overline{Y}$  евол ацерагіахін мпаівінах ефнер `нагафос `епецсевтштц $^{24}$  `ниі `фині $^{25}$  `мпекран инетрштев зен підіпнон `нте піщо `нромпі † ноу он пенинв пінаіршні соутен итекхіх `нноү† `евол `ехен паіліскос стенаршоут $^{26}$  фаі етеоунанарц `нхевс зен пілунфанон `нте пексшна  $\overline{6} \overline{Y}$ 

*Christ*, for Your Holy Name is holy and full of glory in everything: The Father, the Son and the Holy *Spirit*, now and forever.

Anoint it and say:

Blessed be the Lord Jesus Christ the Son of God, and the sanctification of the Holy Spirit.

Prayer for the consecration of the Paten and its veil.<sup>22</sup> The bishop says:

Master, Lord, and God, the *good* owner who stretched His holy arm and

consecrated this plate full of *good* things that has been prepared by those who love Your name and those who recline in Your millennium banquet. 28 Now also our Master, and lover of mankind, stretch Your divine hand over this blessed paten which will be filled

<sup>21</sup> Read EYAOFITOC

On this prayer, see M. DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, p. 14 numbers 43-44.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Read деспотис

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Read етадсевтютд

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Read `нине оне і

<sup>26</sup> Read втсмаршоут

 $\phi$ Ы  $\epsilon$ ТОҮ $\epsilon$ РСҮНЬХ $\epsilon$ С $\epsilon$  $\epsilon^{27}$  `ММОЦ

тнріон `нте пієрфєї `нте †агіа `неккансіа  $\overline{\epsilon \Theta \gamma}$  `нте та  $\overline{\text{N}}$  мпоуліс  $^{29}$  `еоү $^{30}$ нак нен пекішт `нага $\Theta$ ос нен пі $\overline{\text{П}}$   $\overline{\text{N}}$   $\overline{\text{E}}$   $\overline{\text{O}}$  †ноү يرشمها بالميرون ويقول

EYAOLITOC KG IG  $\Sigma$ G  $\overline{\Delta}$ G

финв п $\overline{6}\overline{C}$   $\overline{H}\overline{I}\overline{C}$  п $\overline{X}\overline{C}$  піалн $\phi$ үнос `натабиі  $\phi$ † оүор `фршиі  $\varepsilon$ үсоп фиет т $\varepsilon$ сив $\varepsilon$  $\phi$ \*

ноү† оүор `натфирх<sup>33</sup> те етецнетрині фнетацфин `нпецсноц евоахен пецоүшф ннін `нноц `ехен пецпаасна хи with the coal in the *remains* of Your holy *Body* for which they (the people) will *gather* around the *altar*\*

The sanctuary of the *holy* pure *Church* of NN of the city NN for glory is due to You and Your *Good Father* and the Holy *Spirit* now (and forever).

Then he anoints with the *Myron* oil

Blessed be the Lord Jesus Christ the Son of God, and the sanctification of Holy Spirit Amen!

A prayer for the consecration of the Chalice and its veils.<sup>31</sup> The bishop says:

Master and Lord, Jesus Christ the *true One who is* without<sup>32</sup>(sin), being God and Man together, in His divinity.\*

Who is without separation from His humanity. Who shed His own Blood for His own *creatures*, now place Your divine hand on this

 $<sup>^{27}</sup>$  Read етоуерсунагесөе

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Reference to the Apocalypse

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Read `мпоулс

<sup>30</sup> Read Goywoy

On this prayer, see M. DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, pp. 14-15, numbers 45-46.

The Arabic version in Tuki, Athansius and 'Abdallah adds "sins"

<sup>33</sup> Read ογατφωρχ

אלינפני פונמים אני בולט פלוק פישפט ואלינפני פונמים אני בולט פישפט פונמים איני בולט פישפט פונמים איני בולט פישפט פונמים פונמים פונמים פונמים פונמים פונמים בישפט פונמים בישפט

 $\overline{\Phi}$  фнетац<del>о</del>ре пеквшк $^{37}$  нсанас піпрофитнс\*

еьод<sub>39</sub> ‡нол он ф‡ шитинскатт еспы<sub>38</sub> нигевс ,евоу, иантс нісарафін еье ‡ ,еко аен тестіх ешеритер Chalice now and *consecrate* it and purify it *so that it may* carry within it Your honoured blood, and may it be *healing* and the forgiveness of all.\*

Who will drink from it in truth, Glory be to You with Your *Good* Father and the Holy *Spirit*.

Now (the bishop) takes the Myron and anoints it from inside and outside and he says: Purification, purity, blessing and sweetness to everyone who will drink from Your honoured true Blood, Amen! A prayer for the consecration of the spoon.<sup>36</sup> The bishop says: God, who made Your servant Isaiah the prophet.\* and made him worthy to see the Seraphim who took tongs containing hot coals in his hand (with the tongs) from the altar and placed it in (his) mouth. Now also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Read пагафот

<sup>35</sup> Read Gonaco

On this prayer, see M. DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, p. 15, numbers 47-49.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Tukhi and Athansius read пецвик

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Tukhi, Athanasius and 'Abdallah read 61

<sup>39</sup> TUKHI and ATHANASIUS read ερως

сштен тецхіх `євол єхен  $\phi$ анес $\phi$ нр  $^{40}$  фан етоуєртукін  $^{41}$ ихитс иигумфаиои ефоуав уите пекмоногенне `нфны пенвс ογος πενινογ† ογος πενισω ₹ ΙΗ Γ  $\Pi \overline{X} \overline{C}$  Смоү\*

 ${
m \ epoc}$  аріагіахін имос имос имоі $^{43}$  $^{45}$  етяен  $^{40}$  нте  $^{45}$  етяен  $^{40}$  нте  $^{^{^{^{1}}}}$  мпісарафім $^{^{46}}$  хе фок $^{^{47}}$  те †хом ИЭИ ПСМАЛ ПЕМ ПІЗМАЗІ ИЄМ пекмоногенне `нфны інс пхс 

ΟΥΧΟΜ ΝΈΜ ΟΥΦΟΥ ΝΈΜ ΟΥΦΙΝΙ ΝΈΜ OYALIACHOYC INTE TIPIAC  $\overline{69}$  $\alpha$ ен  $\alpha$  'неккансіа  $\overline{\epsilon}$  'нте поліс та пій амни\*

ΦΝΗΒ <u>Πδ</u><u></u>

ΤΕ ΤΧΕ ΦΑ ΠΙΑ2ωΡ

God the almighty, stretch out Your hand on this spoon by which the Holy jewels<sup>42</sup> of Your precious Son, our Lord and our Saviour Jesus Christ, will be obtained. Bless it, (the veil) sanctified it. May You grant it the power and the glory given in that which the Seraphim in his right hand held. For to You, is the power, the glory and the might with Your precious Son Jesus Christ our Lord, and the Holy Spirit, Now (and forever). Anoint it with the Myron oil

saying:

Power and glory and light and sanctification of the Holy Trinity in the Holy Church of the city NN. Amen!

Consecration of the black veils of the altar<sup>48</sup>

Lord and Master, Jesus Christ who

Tukhi and 'Abdallah read тымүсөнр өы, Athanasius нымүстнр

<sup>41</sup> From the Greek verb τυγχανω

<sup>42</sup> Lit. "relics".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Read ног

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Read πιωογ

<sup>45</sup> Read †εδογ

<sup>46</sup> Read Серафін

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Read σωκ

 $<sup>^{48}</sup>$  This prayer is not included in Athanasius' edition. In Tukhi's edition the title is for the veils which are the coloured veils of the altar. 'ABDALLAH for the black veils. For the prayer, see M. DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, pp. 13-14, numbers 41-42.

мпенфенрит фре†`н агафон `ноуон нівен ете рфноу хи ероц фиетаффрф `нтфе зен оумефапікне ац<sup>49</sup> `ноуавін<sup>50</sup> ацфевінтоут `нпістерефна нем нібнпі `нте `тфе `нфос `нпесффпі есфевіноут †ноу он пенинв пінаірфні маре текхон\*

 $\overline{\text{н}}$ ноү† ` $\text{e}^{52}$ гіхен наіскеўос наізвис атоўнакоўлилоў $^{53}$  епілумфанон `нте пексима  $\overline{\text{е}}\overline{\text{ө}}\overline{\text{ү}}$  `нтакирп $^{54}$  `е́врні `е́хи $^{55}$  `н†хон `нте нізвис еткоўлил епексима  $\overline{\text{е}}\overline{\text{ө}}\overline{\text{ү}}$  яе́н пі`муаў гіна `нтоўципі еўтанфинт $^{56}$  `еніепоўраніон хе нфок $^{57}$  те †хон не́н пілмагі не́м пекішт `нагафос не́н пі $\overline{\text{п}}$ ій  $\overline{\text{e}}\overline{\text{ө}}\overline{\text{ү}}$  †ноў не́н\*

ترشم بالميرون وتقول ТНС ПАТНР

has the treasures of mercy, who is the giver of *good things* to everyone who hope in Him.<sup>51</sup> Who spread the heavens with *meekness* and gave different colours to the *firmament* (of heaven) and the clouds of the sky when yet there was no difference. Now also, our Master and lover of mankind, let Your divine power\*

come over these *vessels*, these garments which will enclose the holy *jewels* so You send upon them the power of Your garment which Your holy Body was wrapped in within the tomb *in order that* they resemble all things *heavenly*.

To You is the power and the might with Your *Good* Father and the Holy *Spirit*, both now and ...\* Anoint with the Myron oil and say: *One is the holy* 

<sup>49</sup> Read aq†

<sup>50</sup> Read NOYABAN

Lit. "who put his heart on Him".

<sup>52</sup> Read`ı

 $<sup>^{53}</sup>$  Read етоүнакоулолоү

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Read `ΝΤΕΚΟΥωΡΠ

<sup>55</sup> Read exwoy

<sup>56</sup> Read eytenewnt

<sup>57</sup> Read σωκ

АГІОС ІС ҮОС АГІОС  $\overline{\Pi}\overline{N}$ АГІОН АННИ ОУЖОН НЕН ОУШОЎ НЕН ОУДУНАНІС `НТЄ  $\phi \uparrow$  АННИ

финв п<u>кс інс пхс</u> пірецфеизнт теннау апізінв<sup>58</sup> натабні еуфанноу† ероц е†фоура<sup>59</sup> `нат<del>о</del>шаве пісоухен піс<del>о</del>оіноуці ехен пінанерффоуфі оуоз `нтецтоуво `ннінові `нпі\*

жаос адохд епфш нен тапросеухн нен пібана мпенфо ф $\dagger$  яен оугнт `ноуот $^{60}$  нен оуагапн тен $\dagger$ 20 ерок пенсштнр `нагафос фшпоу $^{61}$  ерок е $\dagger$ фора $^{62}$  нен пісфоіноуді нен пфенфі `нте оунетоунв яен пігнот нен нінетфен $\dagger$ 11 нен $\dagger$ 2

финв п $\overline{sc}$  ф† піпентократшр фішт інпен $\overline{sc}$  оүор пен $\overline{sc}$  оүор пено $\overline{up}$  ін $\overline{c}$  п $\overline{c}$  Father, one is the Holy Son, one is the Holy Spirit Amen. Power and glory and might be to God Amen! Prayer for the consecration of the censer:

Master and Lord Jesus Christ the merciful, we see the stainless Lamb who is called the pure censer, containing perfumed incense on the altar, that is to purify the sins of\*
The *people*. He looked upward with this *prayer* and the burnt-offering with one heart and *charity* in front of God. We beseech You, O our *Saviour*, accept unto You the censer and the incense and the worship by the priesthood.
With the grace and the mercy and the...\*

A prayer for the consecration of the icons. The bishop says: Master, Lord and God the *almighty*, the Father of our Lord

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Read єпізнів

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Read є†щоүрн

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Read `nογωτ

<sup>61</sup> Read изип

<sup>62</sup> Read \ntoyph

Written in different hand both Coptic and Arabic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Read μωγchc

<sup>65</sup> Read NAN

 $\phi$ † фнете евол 21тен пецвик ниоусіс  $^{64}$  ац†нонос нен  $^{65}$  ісхен 2н `ефрецхи зен †скүнн `нте †нетнефре пре $^{66}$  птупос нніхероувін нен нісарафін наі етоу208С  $^{67}$  `ннитен $^{68}$  `ехен піластнріон \*

Оүо2 ак $\dagger$ софіа `нсолюмон 2ітен піні етацкотц нек $^{70}$  вен  $\overline{\mathbf{I}}$ йй оүо2 акшн2 `ннескштп `напостолос 2ітен пхінысар $\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$  нте пекноногенне нюнрі  $\overline{\mathbf{H}}$ С  $\overline{\mathbf{I}}$   $\overline{\mathbf{X}}$ С пен $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ С  $^{71}$  еккансіа нем 2анмонастнріон вен пран $^{72}$  `нніе $\overline{\mathbf{\Theta}}$ ү $^{73}$  `нте тек $\overline{\mathbf{H}}$   $^{74}$ фаі тен $\dagger$ 20 оуо2 тентюв2 `ннок\*

ПІНАІРШИ ОЎШРІ ТИПА ТІНА ТІНАІРШИ ІЗ БЕЎ ПІНАІРШИ ПАІ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРШИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРШИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРШИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРШИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРШИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРЫ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРШИ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІНАІРЫ ІЗ ТІТЕ ПІ

and our *Savour* Jesus Christ, God who through His servant Moses, gave us the *Law* from the beginning in order to place (it) in the *tabernacle* of covenant a *figure* of the Cherubim and the Seraphim who cover with their wings the *Mercy Seat*\*<sup>69</sup>

And You gave Solomon wisdom through the house that he built for You in Jerusalem. And You revealed Yourself to Your chosen *Apostles* through the *incarnation* of Your *Only Begotten* Son Jesus *Christ* our Lord<sup>75</sup>. Churches and *monasteries were named* after the saints and the *martyrs*.

Therefore we beseech and we ask You\*

O lover of mankind, send Your Holy *Spirit* on this *icon* of saint NN *in order that* it will become a

<sup>66</sup> Read `м

<sup>67</sup> Read ετογ2ωβC

<sup>68</sup> Read `нноүтен2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Ex 25:17-20.

<sup>70</sup> Read NAK

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> See note below.

<sup>72</sup> Read `фран

<sup>73</sup> Read `NNH ε <del>Θ</del>Υ

<sup>74</sup> Read εσβε φαι

The scribe here jump one line from the original and read `ne-ρογκωτ nak `ngan, "in order to build to You".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Read φη<del>εσγ</del>

`МОЛНМЕН  $^{77}$  `МТЕ ПІОЎХЛІ ОЎЛНМЕН `МТЕ ОЎТАХРО ЗШПОС МНЕӨМ  $^{78}$  МПОЎОІ МРОЦ  $^{79}$  ЖЕМ ПОЎМАЗТ МПОЎОІ МРОЦ  $^{79}$  ЖЕМ ПОЎМАЗТ СПІХШ ЕВОЛ `МТЕ МЕМНОВІ ХЕ `ЦСМАРШОЎТ ОЎОЗ `ЦМЕЗ `МШОЎ МХЕ\* ПЕКРЕМ  $^{80}$   $\overline{\Theta}\overline{\Psi}$  ФІШТ  $^{81}$  МЕМ ПІППА  $^{60}$  † МОЎ МЕМ  $^{60}$  С С С С  $^{60}$ 

∔ио√\_\_\_\_\_ ⊔і<u>шиу</u> е<u>өл</u> ∔өыус <u>еөл</u> иолмосюс аеи фъуи ифіті ием шійны ием

تم وكمل تكريز الصور بسلام من الرب امين

harbour of salvation, a harbour of strength so that whoever advances towards it in faith receives blessing from God and the forgiveness of sins. For blessed and full of glory is\*

Your holy name Father<sup>82</sup> and the Holy *Spirit*. Now and ... Then he anoints it with the Myron oil saying:
In the name of the Father and the

Son and the Holy *Spirit*, the holy consubstantial *Trinity* Now\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
Finished and completed is the consecration of the icons in the peace of the Lord Amen!

## **Commentary**

The first prayer does not occur in Metropolitan Athanasius of Beni Suef's edition, <sup>83</sup> however, it is attested in the edition of Tukhi<sup>84</sup> and the *ordo* of Gabriel V. <sup>85</sup> The scribe writes CKEYOC without C. The scribe used the

<sup>77</sup> Read `noyahhen

<sup>78</sup> Read инсона†

<sup>79</sup> Read epoq

<sup>80</sup> Read `мпекран

<sup>81</sup> See next note.

 $<sup>^{82}</sup>$   $\,$  All the other witnesses add nem пинр1 , "and the Son".

<sup>83</sup> ATHANASIUS, Metropolitan of Bani Soueif, піхши итє таколоуча итє піхінфиц инітадіс и тистоунв єволяєй яби оуанагишстис ща піднгоуненой ней єпхінерагіадін иніскеуос тироу итє пінанерщшоущі, р. 140.

<sup>84</sup> R. Тикні, пінерос мана снау† нте пієухологіон фнетацерапатоктін ехен нієухн є фоуав яєн ніна з нте паіхшн фаі, рр. 49-50

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> A. 'ABDALLAH, *L'ordinamento*, pp. 268-269.

singular for ckeyoc while the word throg contradicts the singular. The title is for all the vessels, however, in the text we pray that the ckeyoc (vessel) to become κγημαλίον (κειμήλιον). This second word means "treasure of a church, particularly sacred vessel".<sup>86</sup>

The Prayer of the consecration of the censer is not attested in the edition of Athanasius or Tukhi or Abdallah, or even in Manuscript 253 of the Coptic Museum<sup>87</sup> however, it is attested in the manuscript British Library Or 435 fol. PRR r-v.<sup>88</sup> This means that the scribe had access to a good library as it is unthinkable that a scribe with poor knowledge of Coptic – as we can see from the number of mistakes that he committed in copying the text, would compose such a beautiful text.

#### Conclusion

From this document, we can assume that a bishop visited the church of Dayr al-Maymūn at the beginning of the twentieth century. Apparently this visit took place after the renovation. On this occasion, he consecrated vessels of the altars, a paten, a chalice, a spoon, veils and a censer. It seems that no major architectural renovations were undertaken, as these renovations would require the prayer for re-consecration of the church. We think that this visit was not organised in advance and hence the bishop did not bring with him the manuscript of the pontifical. A skilful scribe copied for the bishop a new copy (pocket size) to be carried in his pocket;

W.A. LAMPE, A Patristic Greek Lexicon (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1960), p. 740a

Youhanna Nessim Youssef, "Prayers for the consecration of the Censer, and liturgical garments" *BSAC* (forthcoming)

W.E. CRUM, *Catalogue of the Coptic Manuscripts in the British Museum* (London, 1905), pp. 357-358, number 849.

For this rite cf. Youhanna Nessim Youssef, "Les rituels de la reconsécration", in S. EMMEL, M. KRAUSE, S.G. RICHTER, S. SCHATEN (eds.), Ägypten und Nubien in spätantiker und christlicher Zeit, Sprachen und Kulturen des christlichen Orients. Sprachen und Kulturen des christlichen Orients. Akten des 6 Internationalen Koptologenkongresses, BAND 6 (Wiesbaden, 1999), pp. 511-515.

however, this skilful scribe did not possess enough knowledge of Coptic language.

Having prepared the manuscript, the bishop found that there was also an icon(s) to be consecrated, so another scribe (less skilful than the previous one) added the prayer for consecration for icons. Despite the recent age of this manuscript, we find that the prayer for consecrating the censer is rare, and it seems that the scribe found it in a local manuscript.

Our manuscript contributes to our better knowledge of the history of Dayr al-Maymūn's site. However, an architectural study is still needed in order to be able to discern whether there were other renovations which took place around the date of consecration of the liturgical instruments as reflected by our manuscript.

## Addendum

Some of these prayers were also used in the Ethiopian Church.<sup>90</sup>. Since the prelate of Ethiopia was Egyptian, he delegates his authority for consecrating the liturgical instruments to the priests to pray these prayers before the liturgy.

For the prayer for the consecration of all the vessels of the altar cf. Rev. Marcos DAOUD, *The Liturgy of the Ethiopian Church*, Cairo 1959, p. 13 number 37-40. For the Prayer for the consecration of the Paten and its veil. Marcos DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, p. 14 numbers 43-44. For A prayer for the consecration of the Chalice and its veils Marcos DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, pp. 14-15 numbers 45-46. For a prayer for the consecration of the spoon. Marcos DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, p.15 numbers 47-49. For Consecration of the black veils of the altar Marcos DAOUD, *The Liturgy*, p.13-14 numbers 41-42. The prayer for censer and the icons are not included.





